

SEAI Summary of Irish Electricity and Gas Prices (Eurostat EPR Update)

SEAI collects and analyses electricity and gas prices every 6-months, in line with EU Regulation 2016/1952. Statisticians at SEAI calculate the **effective unit price of energy** (the revenue collected for energy delivered, divided by the total quantity of energy delivered) across different **consumption bands**, and then calculate the weighted average price, based on the market-share of each consumption band. Using data available from Eurostat, SEAI ranks the effective unit price paid by Irish consumers, compared to their European counterparts.

The tables and plots below show the effective electricity and gas energy prices paid by **residential** and **business consumers** in Ireland for January – June 2025. The tables break down the effective unit price of energy in each band, the changes in that price over the last 12- and 24-months, Ireland's EU ranking of the price in that band, and the market share of each band.

Note: Ireland introduced several measures to alleviate the impact of elevated energy prices experienced since 2021. Domestic electricity customers, including 'pay as you go' customers, have to-date received total **energy account credits** of €1,500 off their bills, broken down as:

- four payments of €200 in April 2022, November 2022, January 2023 and March 2023.
- three credits of €150 in December 2023, January 2024 and March 2024.
- two credits of €125 in November 2024 and January 2025.

These energy account credits are administered by **electricity suppliers** and are accounted for in the residential electricity prices for the relevant semester. They act to reduce the effective unit price of residential electricity. A further measure to tackle rising energy costs is a cut on **VAT on electricity bills**, which was reduced from 13.5% to 9% from 1st of May 2022.

Electricity and Gas Price Comparisons

For residential electricity and gas prices, SEAI provide Ireland's energy prices and **EU ranking** in terms of both Euro (**EUR**) and purchasing power standard (**PPS**) units.

PPS is a 'virtual' unit of currency, calculated by Eurostat, in which national 'account aggregates' are normalised to recognise price-level differences between different countries. Notionally, one unit of PPS currency allows someone to purchase the same amount of goods and services in any country (which is not true for one unit of EUR, because of the varying costs of living in Eurozone countries).

When comparing the cost of energy to households, PPS-ranking can offer more nuanced insights than a EUR-ranking, because PPS considers the relative cost of living and the inflation rates of countries. While the normalisation applied in calculating the PPS prices includes consideration of the gross domestic product (GDP) of a country, it is not limited to a GDP correction – the PPS calculation involves product level, product group level, and aggregation level normalisations, to help ensure its robustness.

Confidentiality

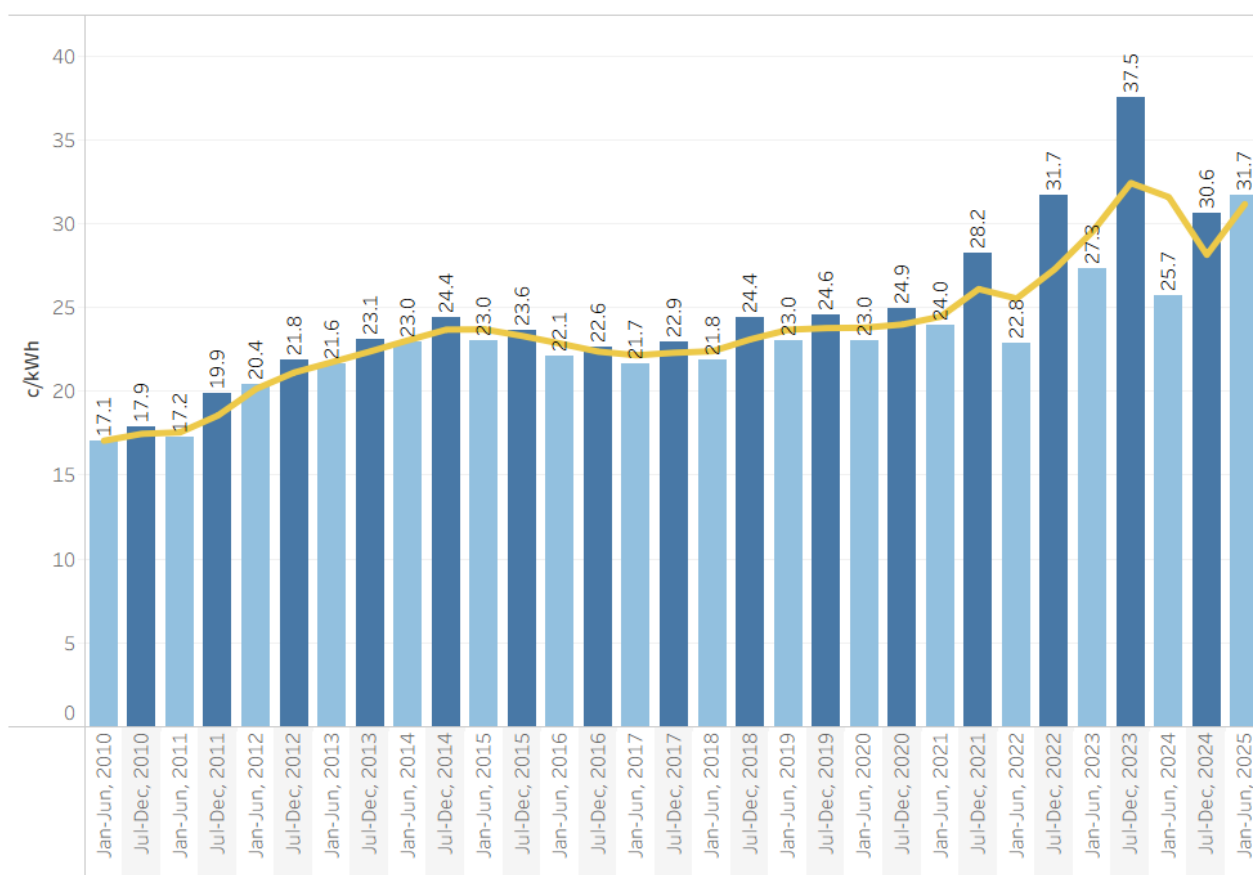
In line with statistical standards established by Eurostat and the Irish Central Statistics Office (CSO), SEAI uses statistical suppression where necessary to prevent the disclosure of proprietary or commercially sensitive data from energy suppliers in nationally aggregated datasets.

Household Prices - Electricity

Household Electricity Prices – January to June 2025

Household electricity prices (all taxes included) weighted average across all suppliers	c/kWh S1 2025	Change in 12 months	Change in 24 months	Band Share of Market
Band DA Consumption < 1,000 kWh	33.5	+93%	+152%	8.6%
Band DB 1,000 kWh < Consumption < 2,500 kWh	36.5	+79%	+90%	10.8%
Band DC 2,500 kWh < Consumption < 5,000 kWh	32.6	+26%	+19%	33.6%
Band DD 5,000 kWh < Consumption < 15,000 kWh	30.0	+8%	+0%	39.4%
Band DE Consumption > 15,000 kWh	27.7	-4%	-6%	7.5%
Weighted Average	31.7	+24%	+16%	

Fig 1. Effective unit price (EUP) of household electricity in Ireland, weighted average across all suppliers, and all consumption bands. Yellow line shows 12-month moving average to smooth-out seasonal effects



Household Electricity Prices – EU Ranking – January to June 2025

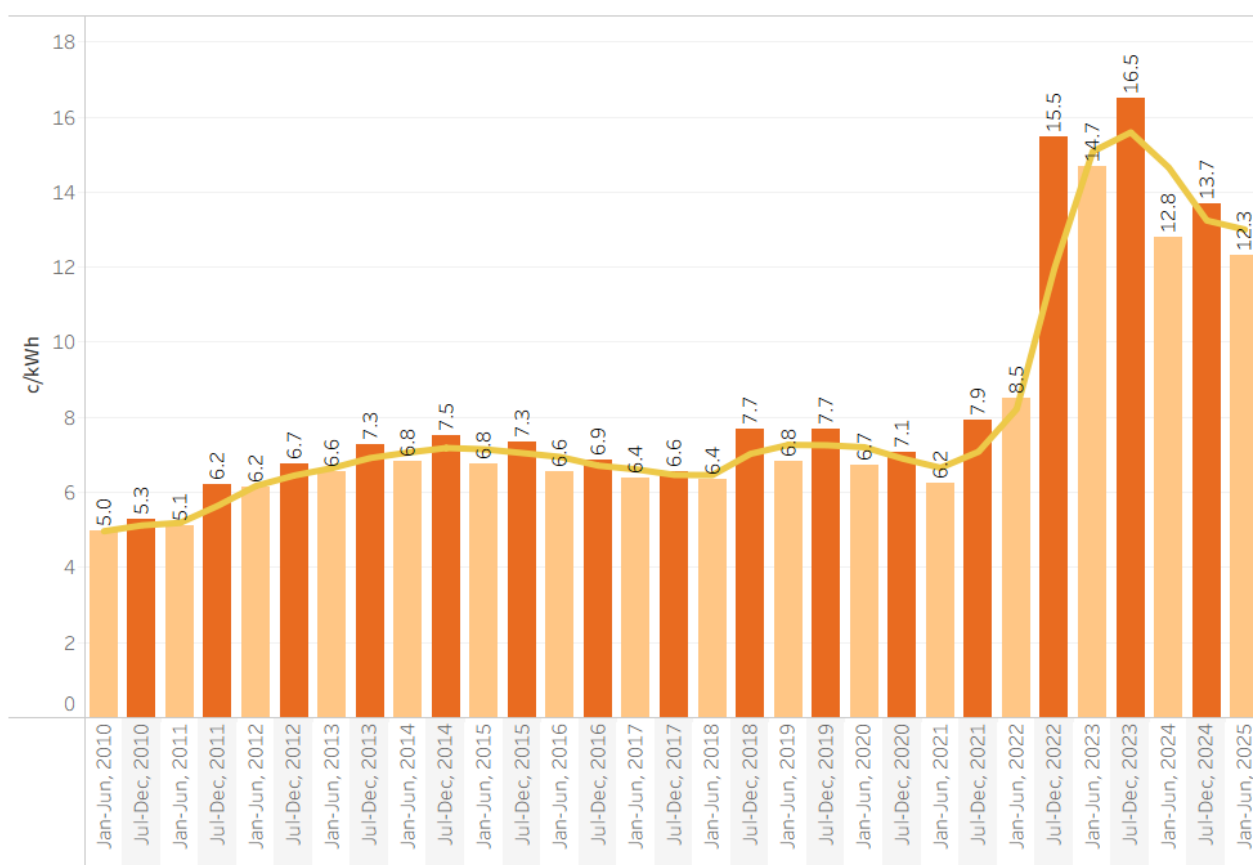
Household electricity prices (all taxes included) weighted average across all suppliers	c/kWh S1 2025	Ranking EU (EUR)	PPS/kWh S1 2025	Ranking EU (PPS)
Band DA Consumption < 1,000 kWh	33.5	15	28.3	22
Band DB 1,000 kWh < Consumption < 2,500 kWh	36.5	6	30.9	9
Band DC 2,500 kWh < Consumption < 5,000 kWh	32.6	5	27.5	12
Band DD 5,000 kWh < Consumption < 15,000 kWh	30.0	4	25.4	12
Band DE Consumption > 15,000 kWh	27.7	6	23.4	16
Weighted Average	31.7			

Household Prices – Gas

Household Gas Prices – January to June 2025

Household gas prices (all taxes included) weighted average across all suppliers	c/kWh S1 2025	Change in 12 months	Change in 24 months	Band Share of Market
Band D1 Consumption < 20 GJ	14.7	+3%	-7%	7.8%
Band D2 20 GJ < Consumption < 200 GJ	12.2	-4%	-17%	89.7%
Band D3 Consumption > 200 GJ	10.2	+5%	-11%	2.5%
Weighted Average	12.3	-4%	-16%	

Fig 2. Effective unit price (EUP) of household gas in Ireland, weighted average across all suppliers, and all consumption bands. Yellow line shows 12-month moving average to smooth-out seasonal effects



Household Gas Prices – EU Ranking – January to June 2025

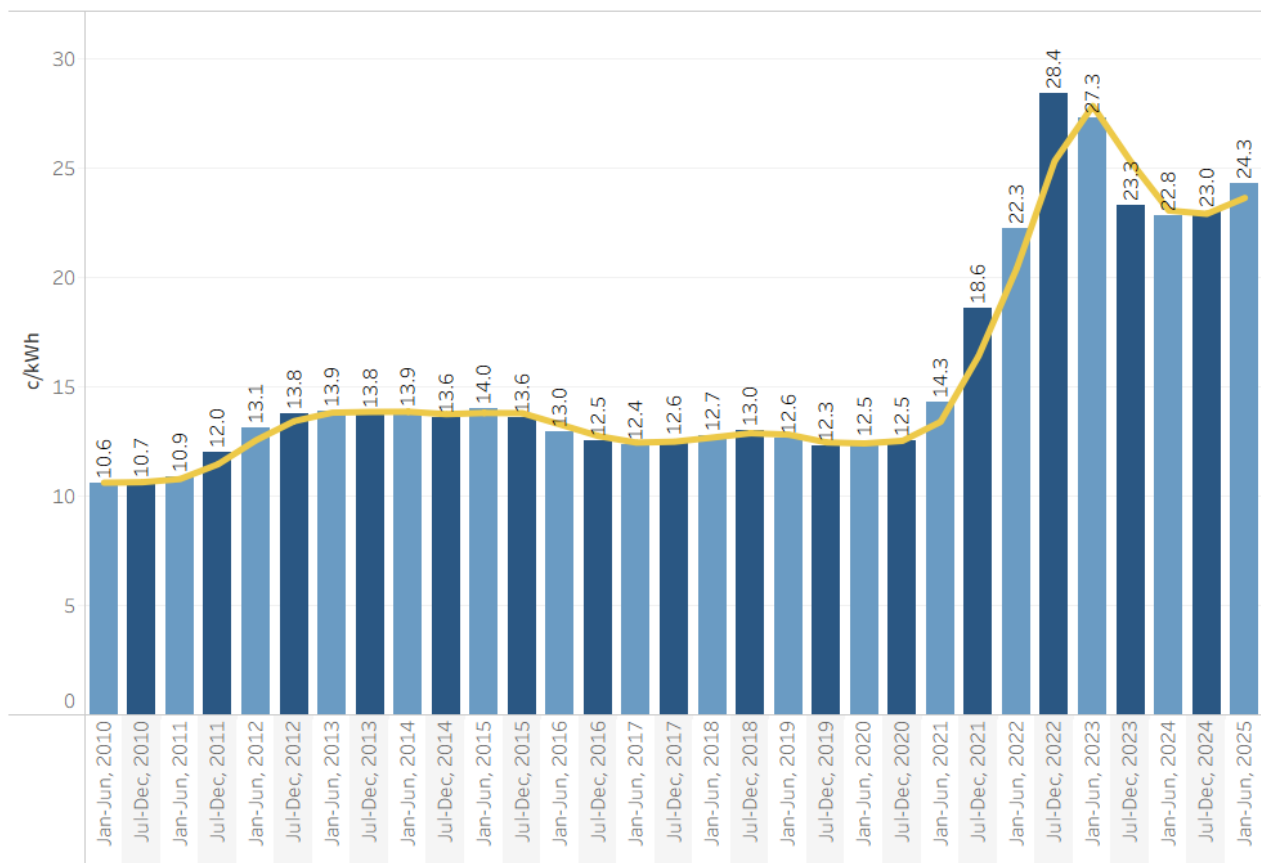
Household gas prices (all taxes included) weighted average across all suppliers	c/kWh S1 2025	Ranking EU (EUR)	PPS/kWh S1 2025	Ranking EU (PPS)
Band D1 Consumption < 20 GJ	14.7	12	12.4	14
Band D2 20 GJ < Consumption < 200 GJ	12.2	8	10.3	12
Band D3 Consumption > 200 GJ	10.2	9	8.6	17
Weighted Average	12.3			

Business Prices – Electricity

Business Electricity Prices (EUR) – January to June 2025

Business electricity prices (ex VAT) weighted average across all suppliers	c/kWh S1 2025	Change in 12 months	Change in 24 months	Ranking (EU)	Band Share of Market
Band IA Consumption < 20 MWh	31.3	-3%	-16%	6	6.4%
Band IB 20 MWh < Consumption < 500 MWh	30.7	+1%	-14%	1	19.4%
Band IC 500 MWh < Consumption < 2,000 MWh	27.3	+6%	-4%	1	10.3%
Band ID 2,000 MWh < Consumption < 20,000 MWh	22.8	+5%	-5%	1	24.5%
Band IE 20,000 MWh < Consumption < 70,000 MWh	21.7	+5%	-5%	2	9.5%
Band IF 70,000 MWh < Consumption < 150,000 MWh	19.7	+0%	-18%	1	6.4%
Band IG > 150,000 MWh	19.5	+19%	-8%	2	23.6%
Weighted Average	24.3	+6%	-11%		

Fig 3. Effective unit price (EUP) of business electricity in Ireland, weighted average across all suppliers, and all consumption bands. Yellow line shows 12-month moving average to smooth-out seasonal effects



Business Prices - Gas

Business Gas Prices (EUR) – January to June 2025

Business gas prices (ex VAT) weighted average across all suppliers	c/kWh S1 2025	Change in 12 months	Change in 24 months	Ranking (EU)	Band Share of Market
Band I1 Consumption < 1,000 GJ	9.8	-11%	-24%	7	<i>c</i>
Band I2 1,000 GJ < Consumption < 10,000 GJ	8.2	+5%	-15%	9	21.1%
Band I3 10,000 GJ < Consumption < 100,000 GJ	7.1	+10%	-8%	7	23.6%
Band I4 100,000 GJ < Consumption < 1,000,000 GJ	5.3	+5%	-16%	12	39.2%
Band I5 1,000,000 GJ < Consumption < 4,000,000 GJ	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>c</i>
Weighted Average	6.9	+4%	-14%		

c = confidential (statistically suppressed)

Fig 4. Effective unit price (EUP) of business gas in Ireland, weighted average across all suppliers, and all consumption bands. Yellow line shows 12-month moving average to smooth-out seasonal effects

